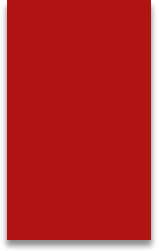
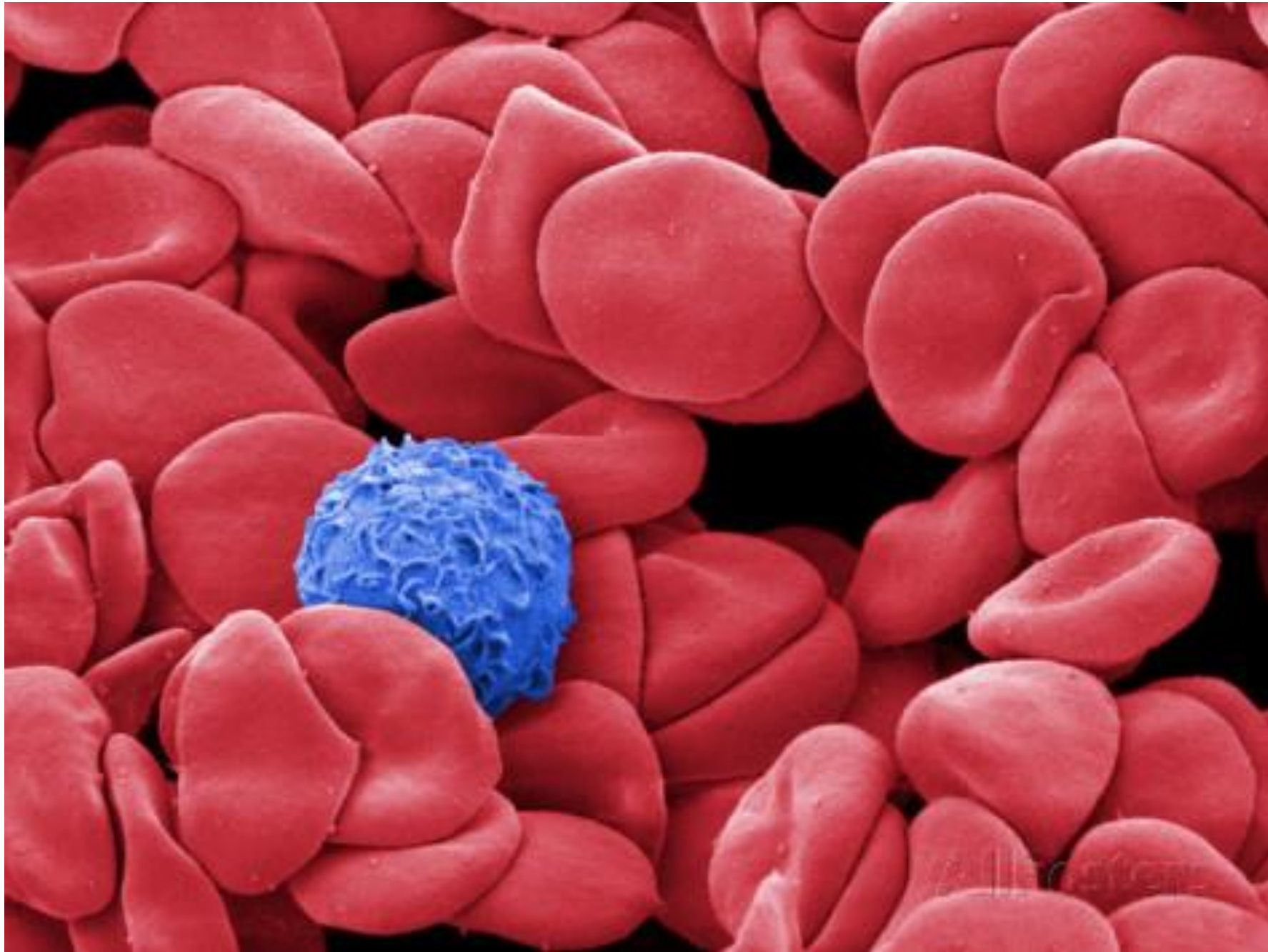


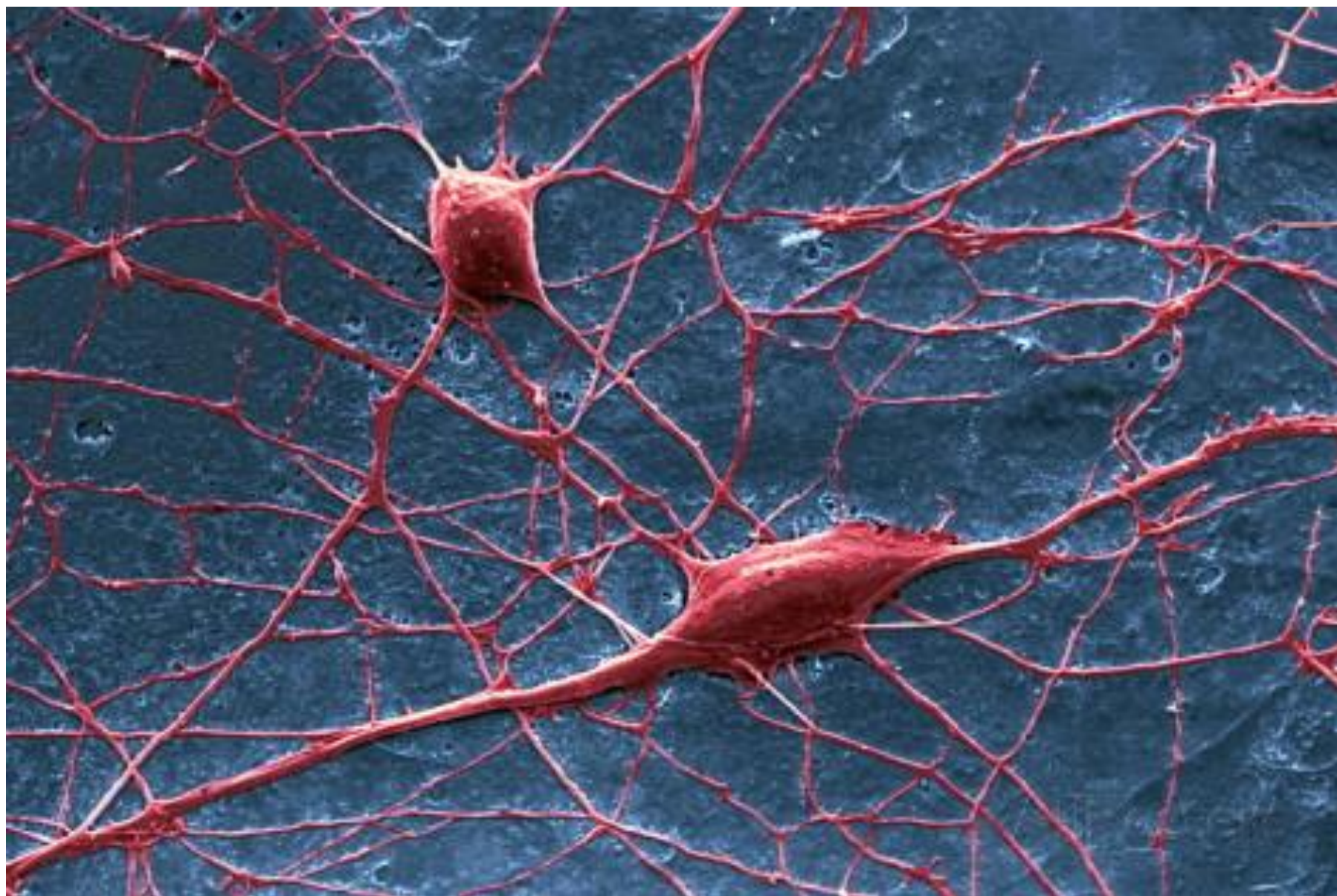


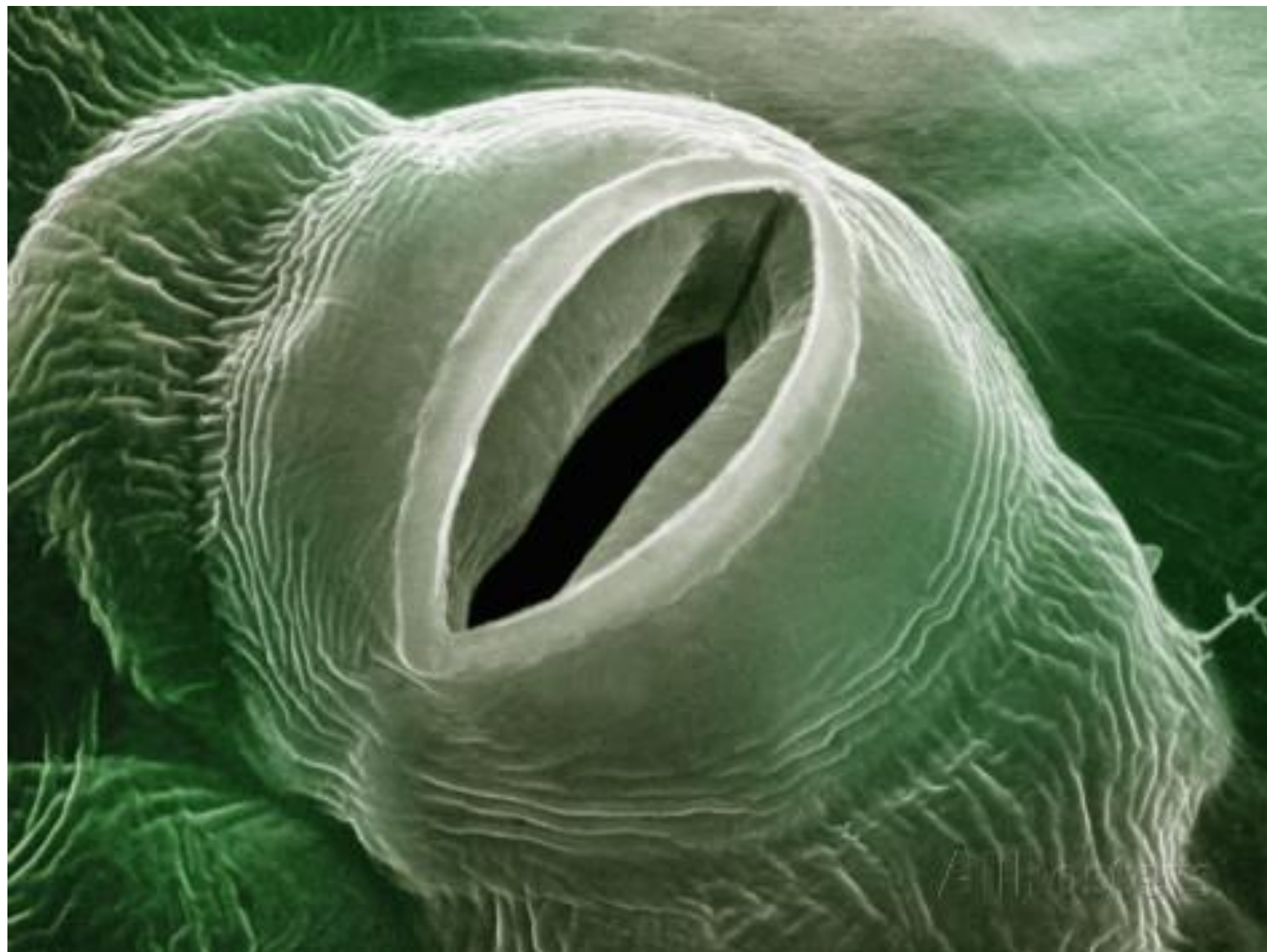
# NOTES: Cellular Organelles

OBJ: TO UNDERSTAND THE FUNCTIONS OF ORGANELLES

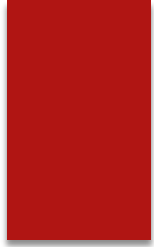
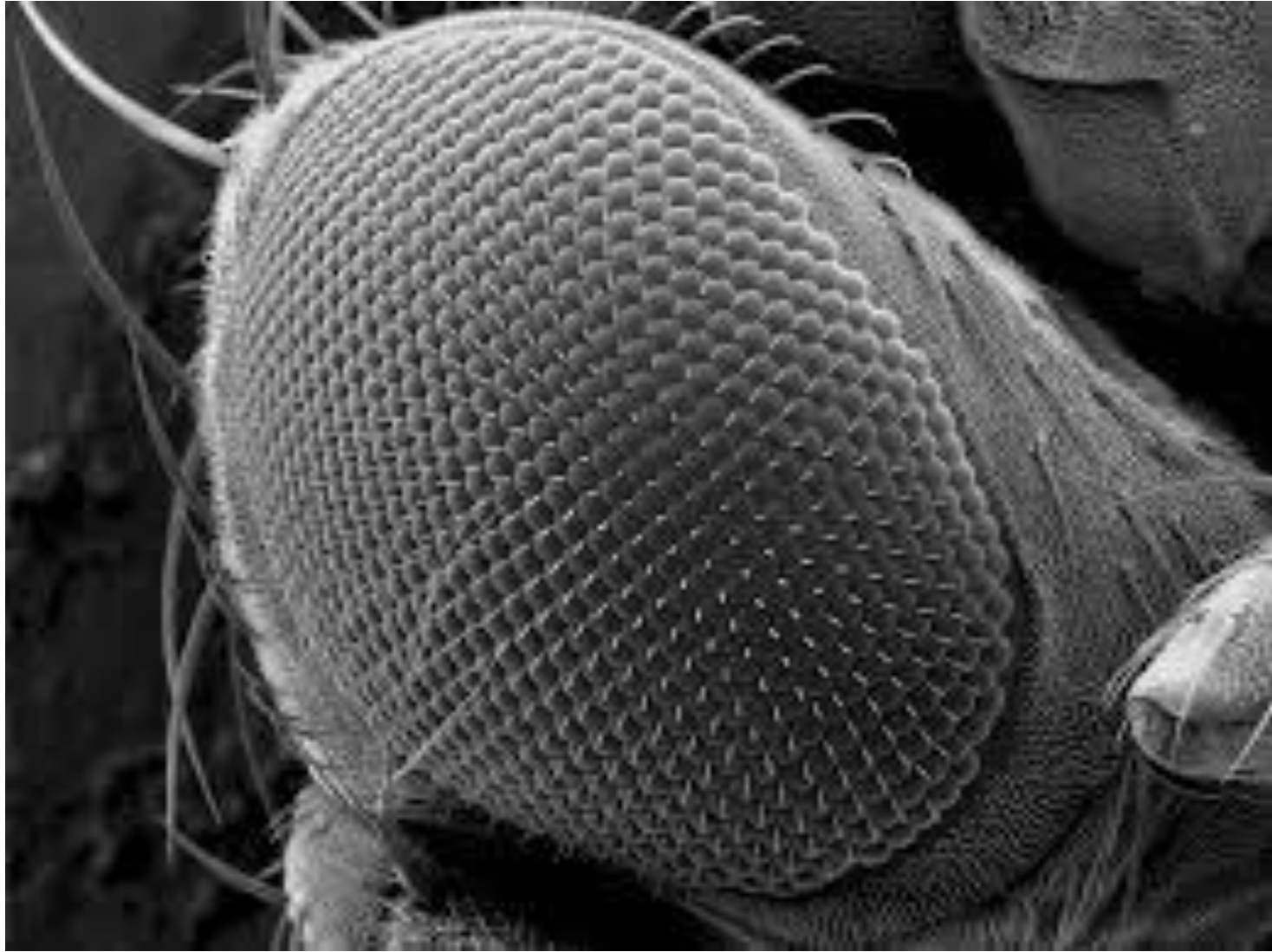












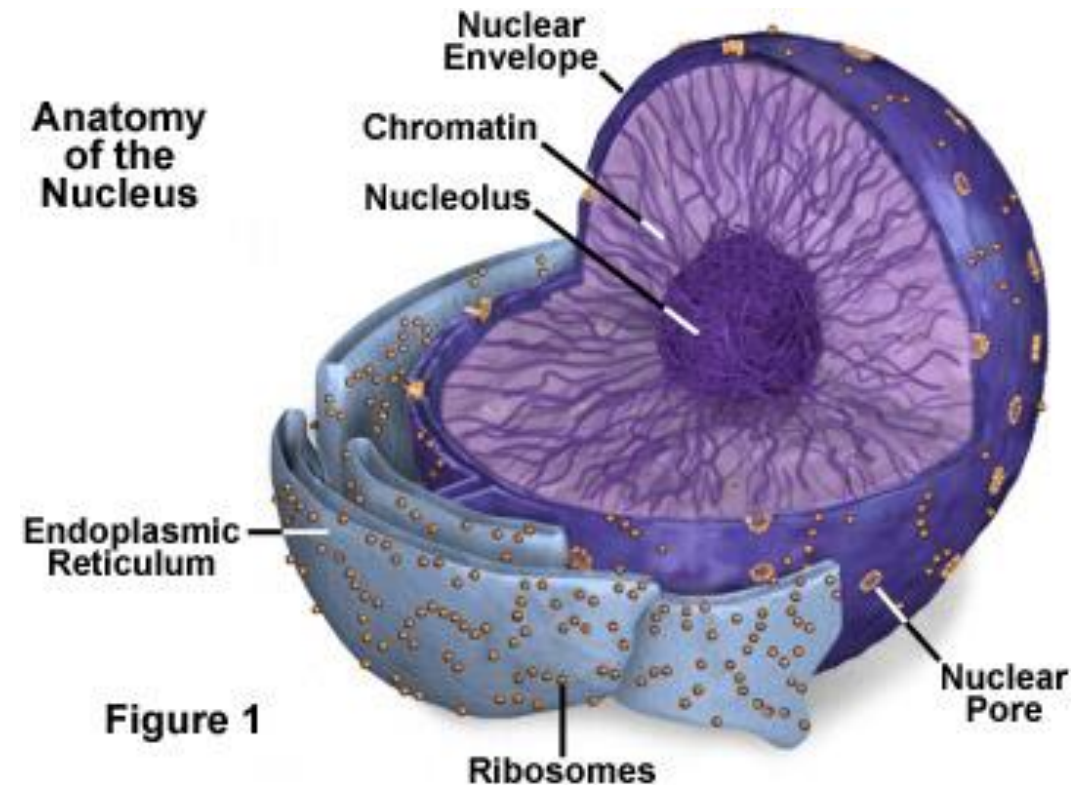
# Cytoplasm

- ▶ “jelly-like” substance outside the nucleus
- ▶ Shock absorber
- ▶ Is found in prokaryotes too!



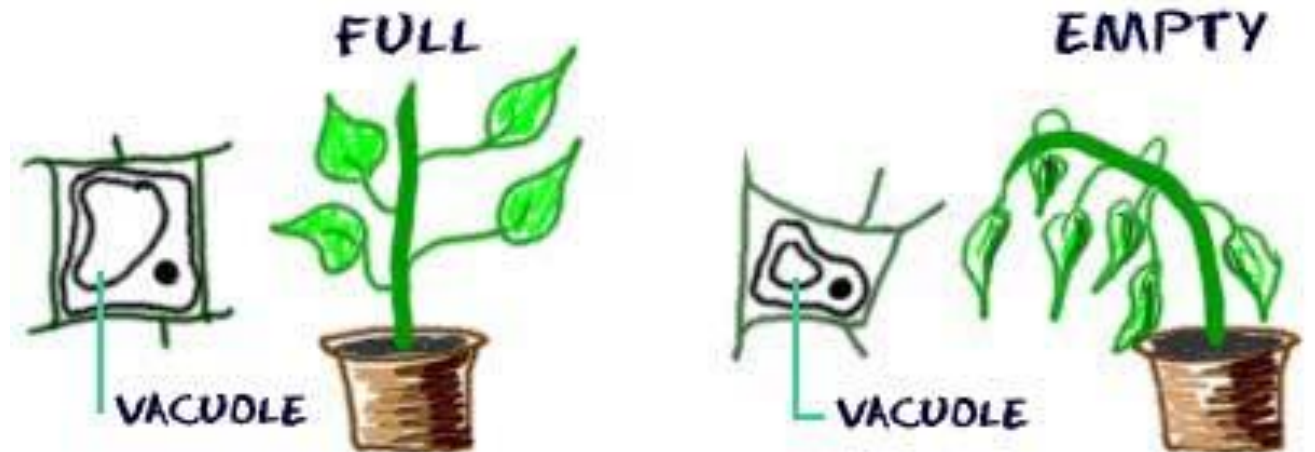
# Nucleus

- ▶ “control center”
- ▶ Contains DNA
- ▶ Deoxyribonucleic acid
- ▶ Gives directions to rest of cell
- ▶ Prokaryotes do not have a nucleus, but do have DNA



# Vacuole

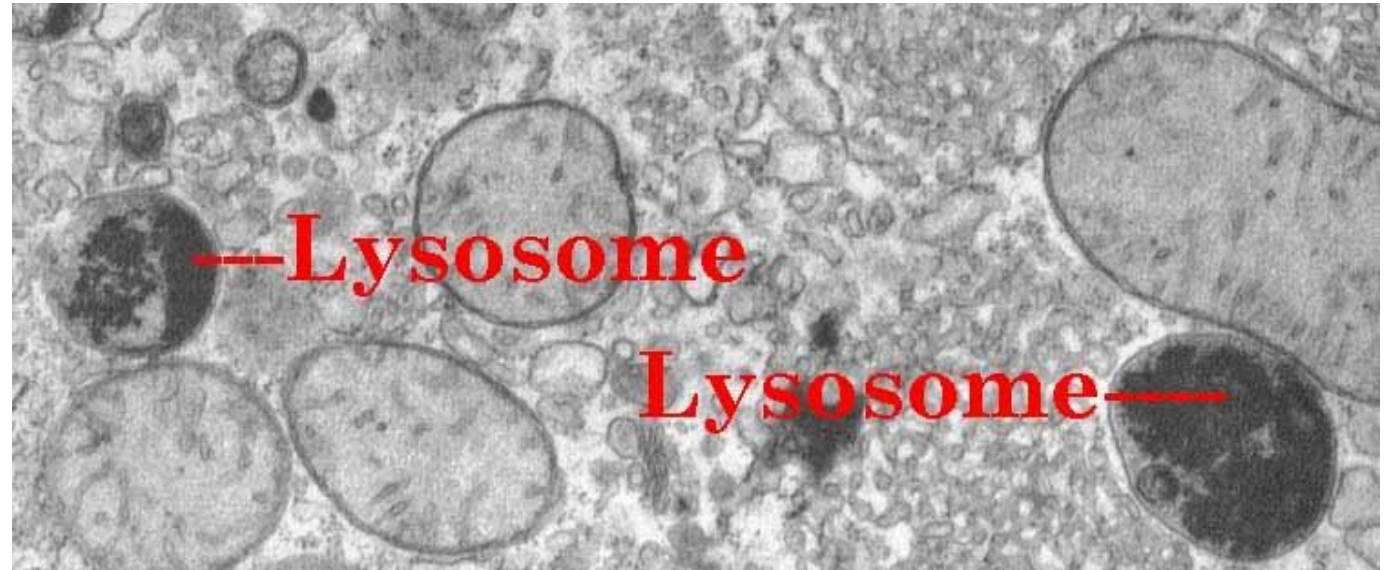
- ▶ Storage facility
- ▶ In plants there is usually one large vacuole
- ▶ Pumps materials out of cell
- ▶ Contains waste, excess sugar and unneeded materials





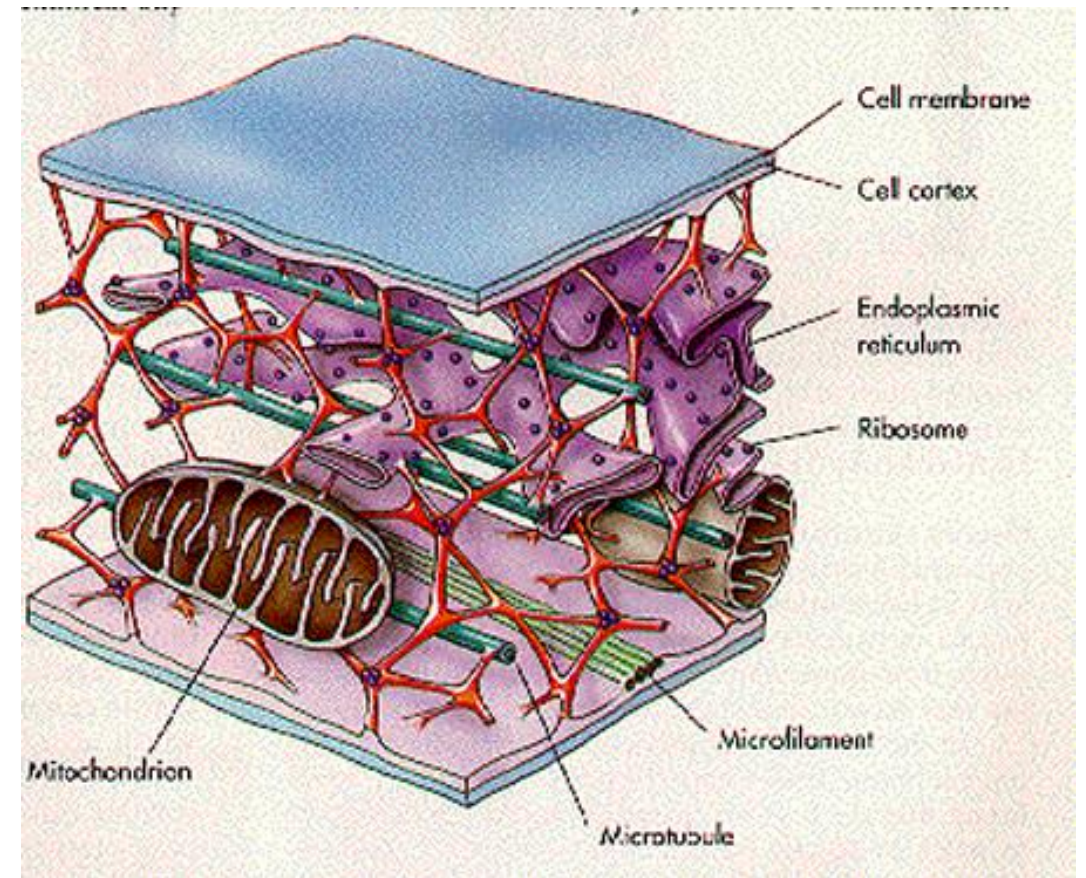
# Lysosome

- ▶ “clean up crew”
- ▶ Contains enzymes that breakdown old or worn out organelles



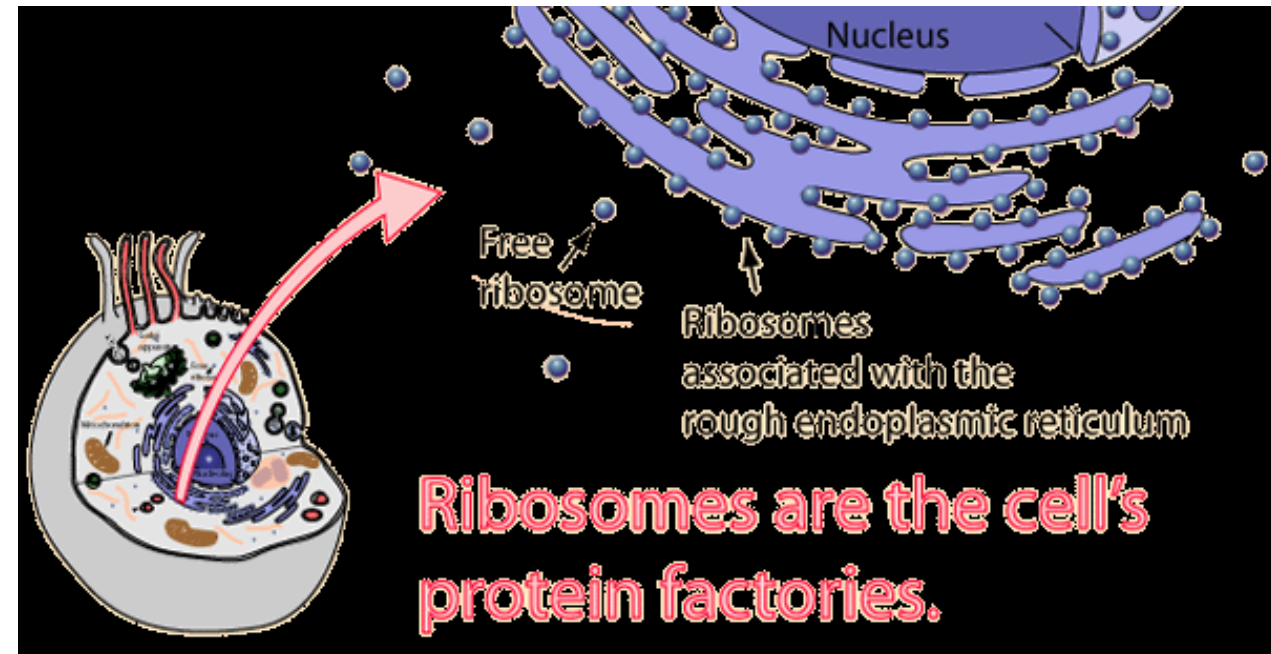
# Cytoskeleton

- ▶ Protein filaments that provide cellular structure
- ▶ Acts as a scaffold for the cell
- ▶ Keep in mind: shape matters for a cell



# Ribosomes

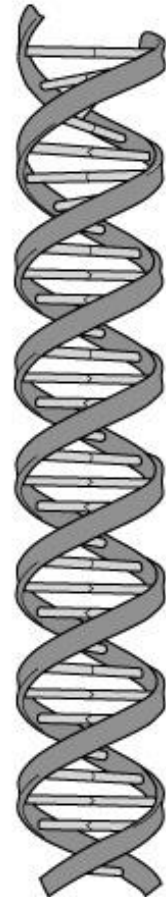
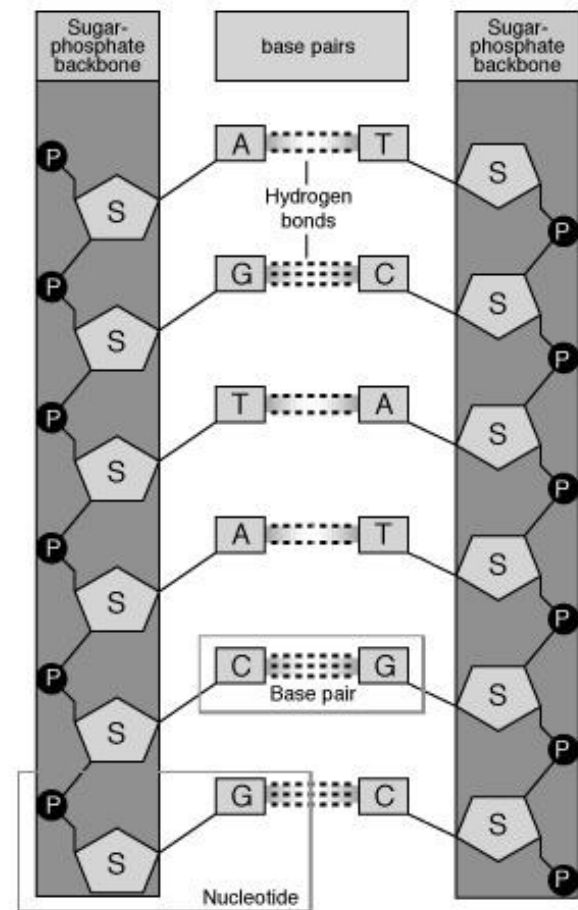
- ▶ “protein factories”
- ▶ Multiple ribosomes in most cells
- ▶ Contain RNA which “reads” directions given through DNA
- ▶ RNA = ribonucleic acid





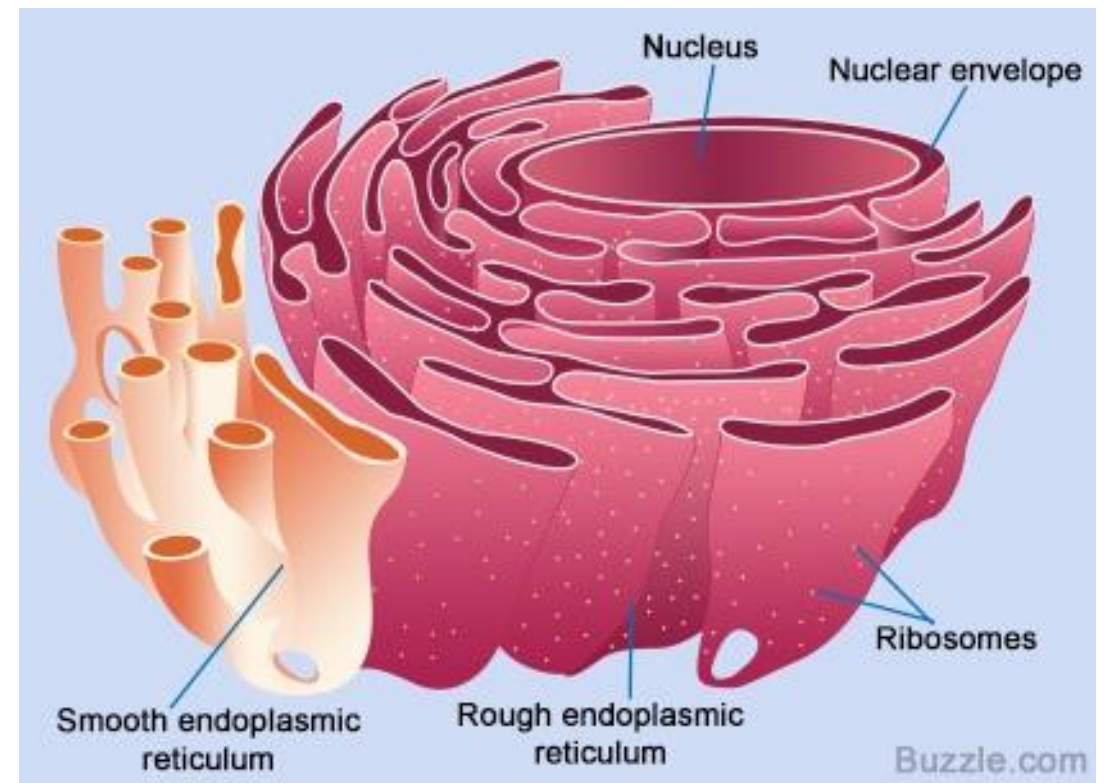
# SIDEBAR: DNA

- ▶ Deoxyribonucleic acid
- ▶ Utilizes deoxyribose as its sugar



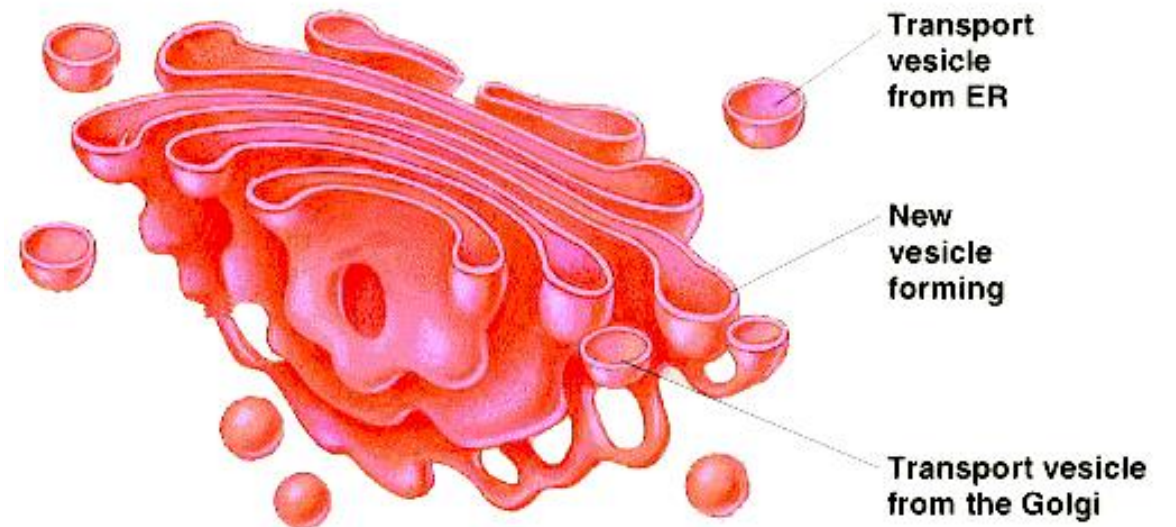
# Endoplasmic Reticulum

- ▶ Where lipids (fats) and proteins are produced
- ▶ Smooth endoplasmic reticulum = no ribosomes
- ▶ Rough endoplasmic reticulum = ribosomes



# Golgi Apparatus

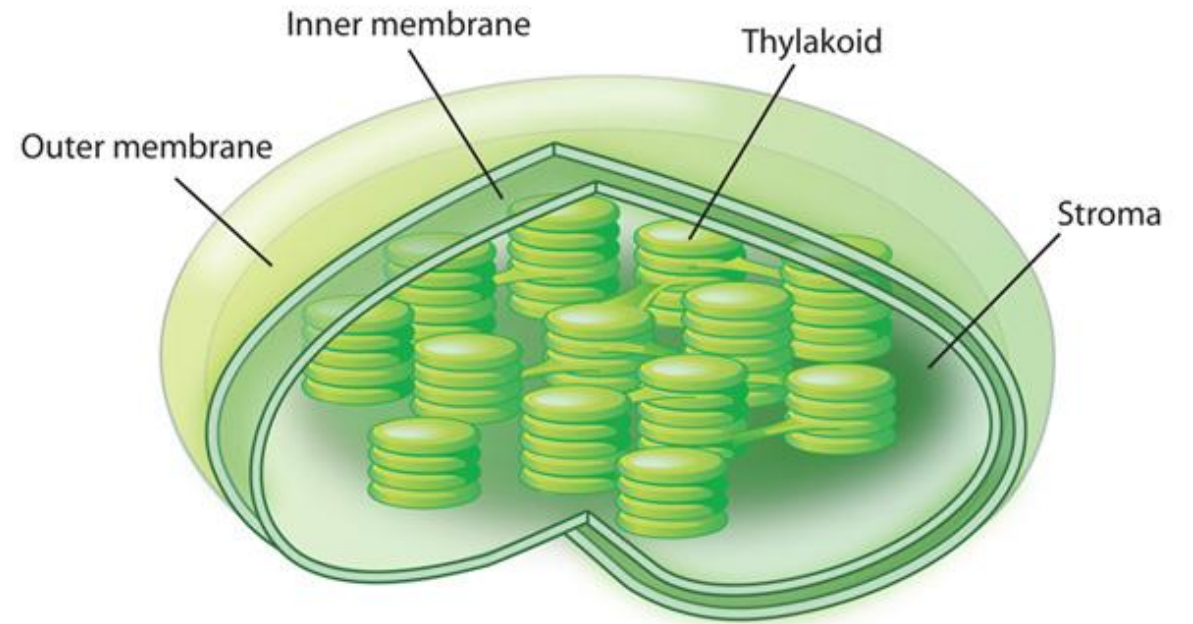
- ▶ “Factory”
- ▶ Modifies, sorts and packages proteins received from ribosomes
- ▶ Works with the vesicle to transport proteins where they are needed





# Chloroplast

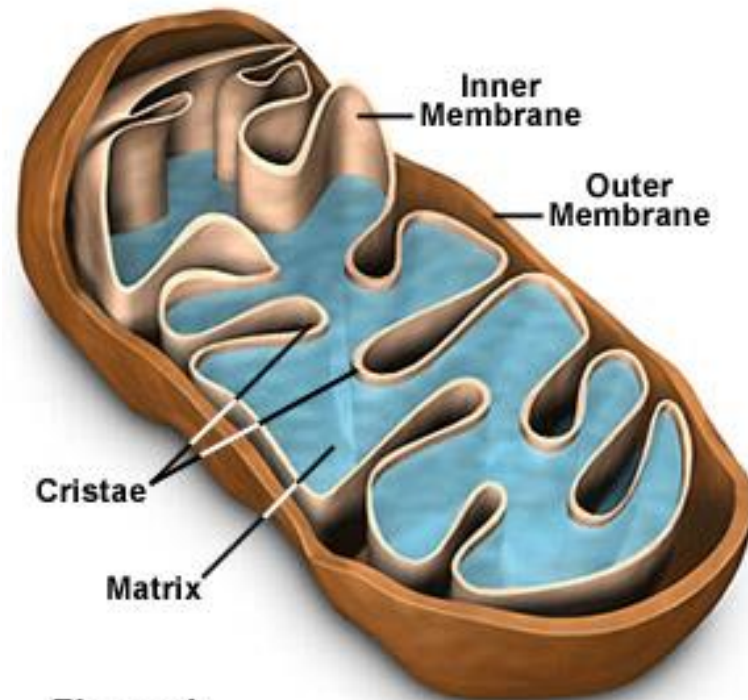
- ▶ Energy production in plants
- ▶ Converts light energy into sugars
- ▶ Double membraned



# Mitochondria

- ▶ Converts chemical energy into sugar
- ▶ Double membrane (like the chloroplast)
- ▶ Mitochondrial DNA comes from mom!

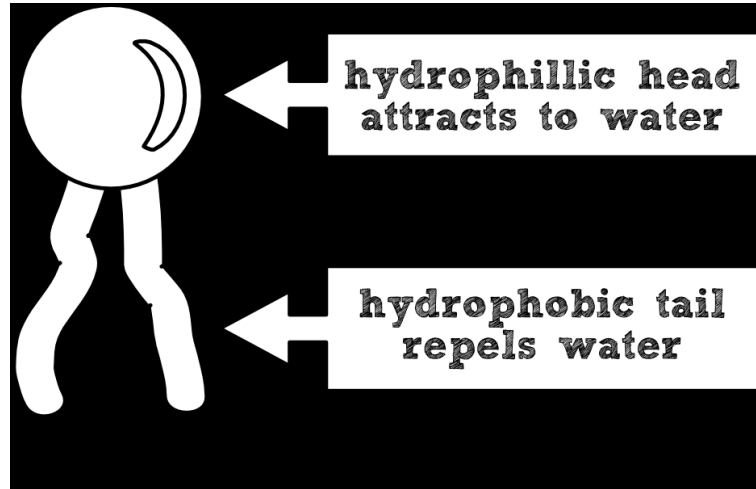
**Mitochondria Structural Features**



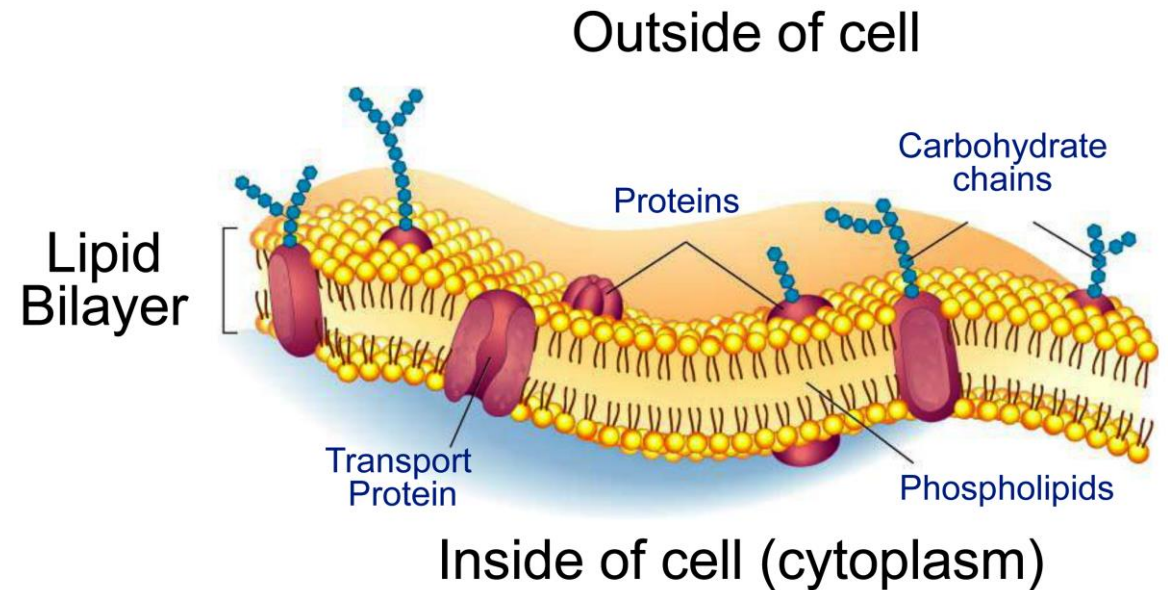
**Figure 1**

# Cell Membrane

- ▶ Selectively permeable (allows certain things into and out of cell)
- ▶ Composed of a phospholipid bilayer



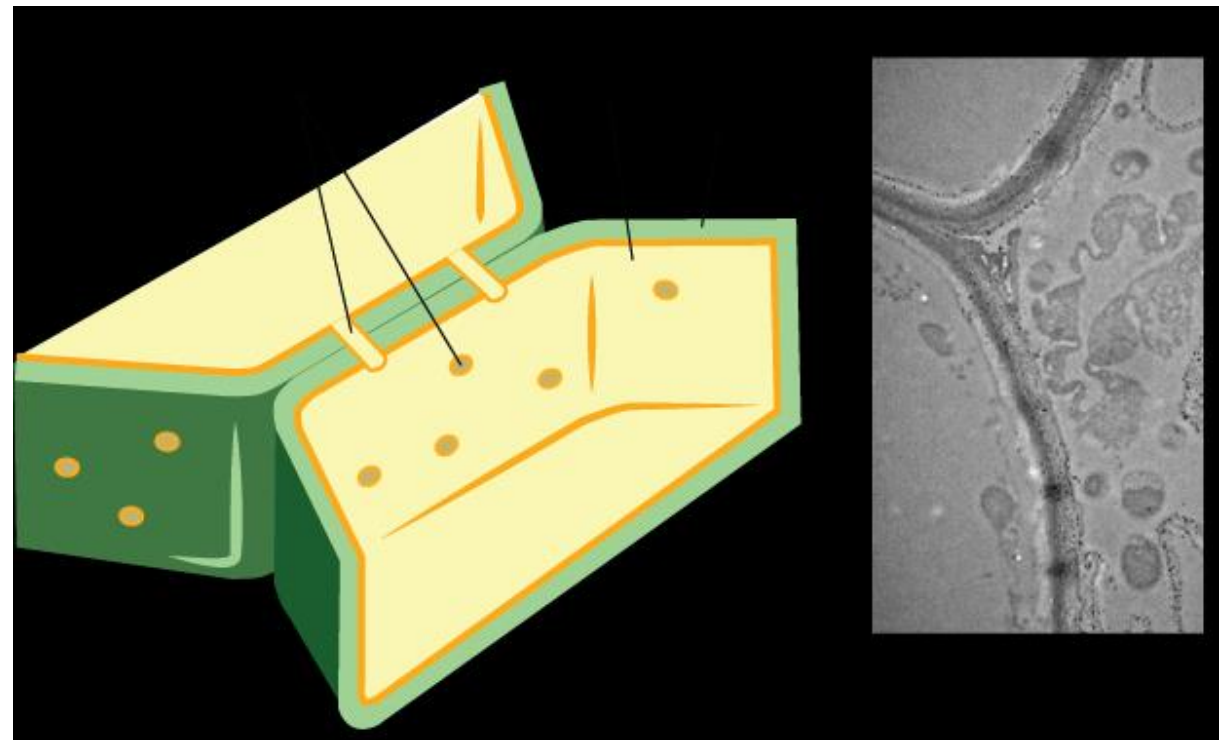
## Structure of the Cell Membrane





# Cell Wall

- ▶ More rigid than cell membrane
- ▶ Helps maintain shape of plant cell



# Homework

QUIZ OVER CELLULAR  
ORGANELLES

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 6